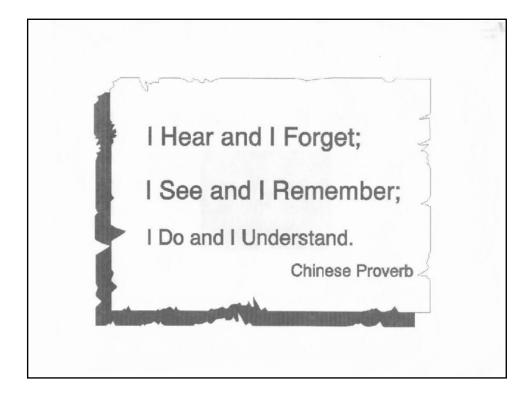


Consider Taking a Wine-Tasting Course

• What if the course was pure textbook and lecture?...i.e. a passive experience...?









Can Ethics be Learned?

• Based on the research of Dr. James Kohlberg and Dr. James Rest...

- Kohlberg discovered 6 Stages of Moral Reasoning foundations
- Beginning w/ doing the right thing
 Because of
 - 1. Punishment
 - 2. Rewards
 - 3. Following social groups
 - 4. Following norms, rules, laws
 - 5. Individual Rights
 - 6. Universal concern for human rights and fairness regardless of laws

Dr. James Rest

Education / Experience causes movement to higher Stage!

- -James Rest relied on Kohlberg
 - Moral Sensitivity (Issue Awareness)
 - Moral Judgment
 - Moral Motivation
 - Moral Character
- Defining Issues Test (DIT²)
- But, Barriers exist

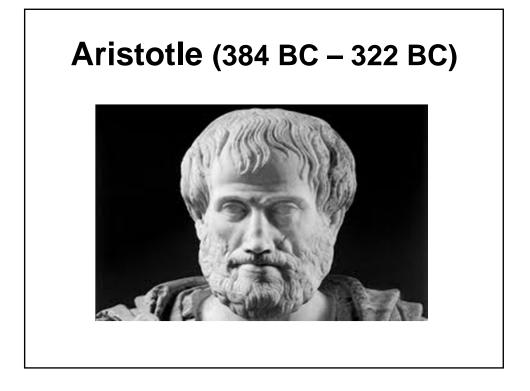
The Dirty Hands Problem

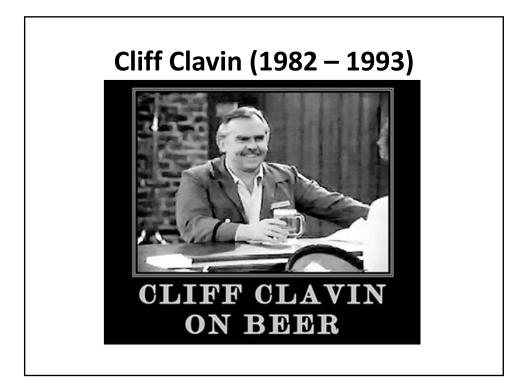
- Choices are hard and can be painful!
- Utilitarian Consequences with the highest benefit or least harm for the greatest number. (Jeremy Bentham & John Stuart Mill)
- President Harry Truman's dilemma!

Back to the Question: What is "Ethics?"...or, "Ethical Behavior?"

The Rules --

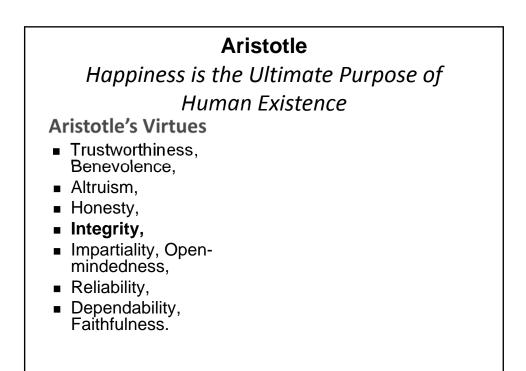
- Accepted standards of behavior
- Practices of those in a profession
- Laws
- Expectations of
 - society / community
- But the heart (character)
 - •aids decision-making





Aristotle

Happiness is the Ultimate Purpose of Human Existence



Aristotle

Happiness is the Ultimate Purpose of Human Existence

Aristotle's Virtues

- Trustworthiness, Benevolence,
- Altruism,
- Honesty,
- Integrity,
- Impartiality, Openmindedness,
- Reliability,
- Dependability, Faithfulness.

SCCE Code of Ethics

- The services we provide require the highest standards of professionalism, integrity & competence.
- unprejudiced and unbiased judgment on behalf of an employer
- Confidentiality
- Trust

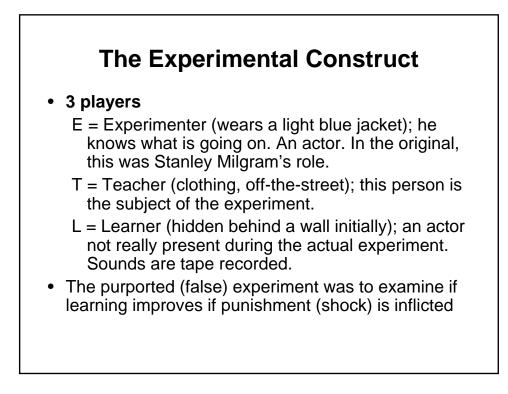
"Obedience to Authority: An Experimental View" (1974)

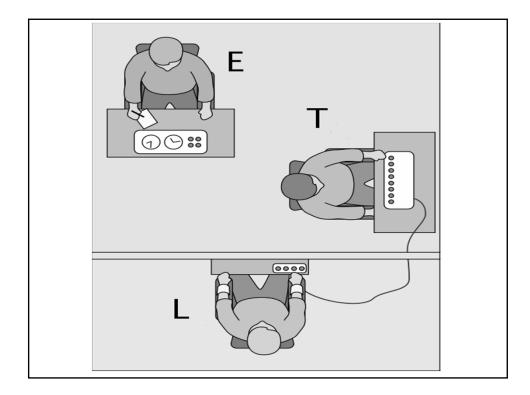
Stanley Milgram (1933-1984)

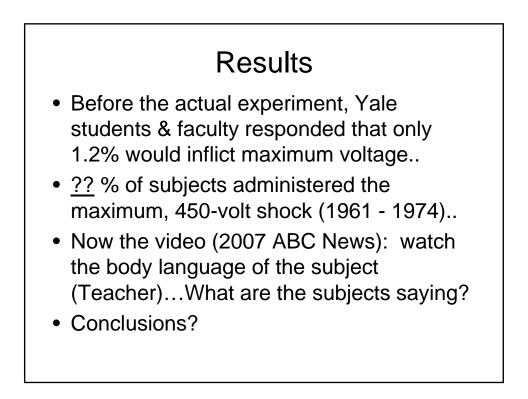


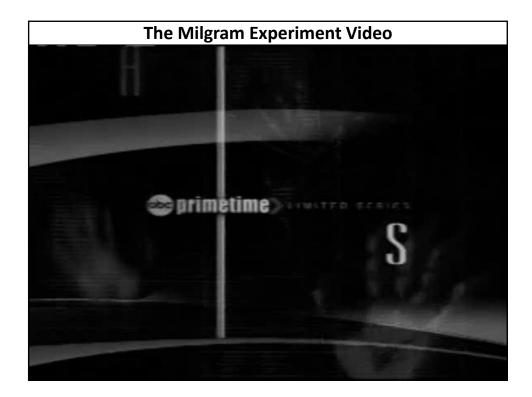


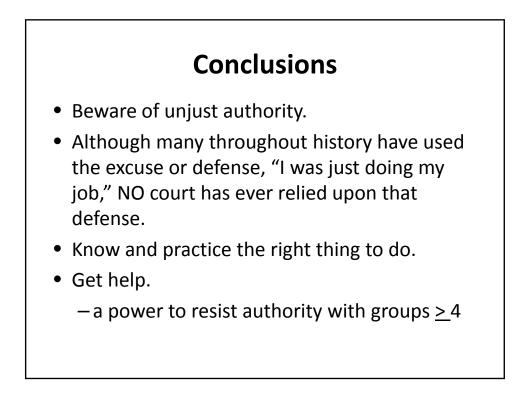
- Conducted at Yale University 1960's 1970's
- Stanley Milgram was questioning why people would do evil,
 - -While asserting that they were just doing their jobs
 - -Nuremberg Trials, Post-WWII
 - -And Adolf Eichmann trial 1961







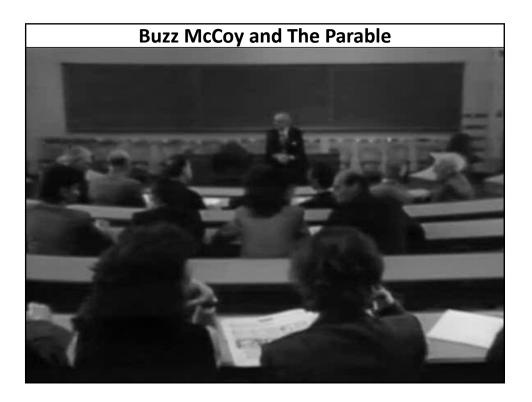




The Parable of The Sadhu

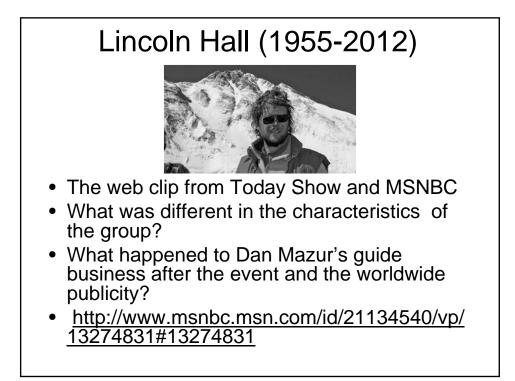


- The video clip of a dilemma
- Group vs individual actions
- What was the preconceived notion of the group?
 - -What were the group goals?
- What happened to the Sadhu?

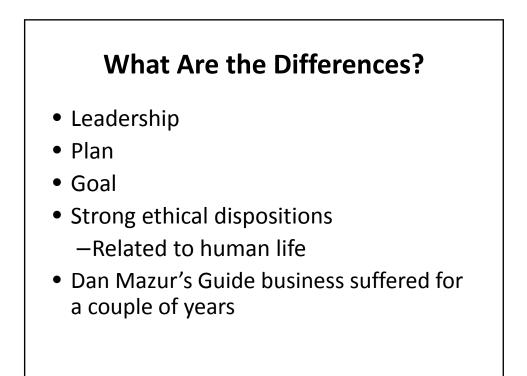


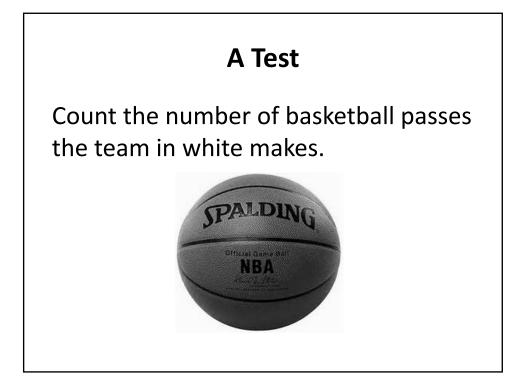
Conclusions

- Leadership is necessary to
 - Plan actions to meet objectives
 - Execute the plan
 - And help lead through contingencies that may have ethical dimensions











The moonwalking bear test, otherwise known as "In-Attentional Blindness"

- Cell phones can divert attention from drivers.
- A submarine commander looks through his periscope and sees no ships nearby.
 - He orders the ballast blown and the submarine to surface.
 - He then hears the clank of a ship hitting his deck and realizes that he has surfaced with another ship directly overhead.
- Failure to see key information during a decisionmaking process.
- Also, "Change Blindness"
 - Gradual change over time
 - Arthur Andersen failed to see all that was happening at Enron

