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This discussion contains the following topics:

- Topic 1: Today’s Threat Landscape
- Topic 2: IT Security Maturity Assessment
- Topic 3: Cybersecurity and Its Impacts on Healthcare
The majority of breaches are associated with what kind of threat actors?

A. Internal
B. External
Today’s Threat Landscape
Data Breach Threat Actors, Motives, and Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>All Industries</th>
<th>Healthcare</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Threat Actors</td>
<td>External</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motives</td>
<td>Financial</td>
<td>Financial</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compromised Data</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td>Medical</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top Threat Actions in Breaches</td>
<td>Hacking (Stolen Creds) Social (Phishing) Malware (Backdoor)</td>
<td>Error (Misdelivery) Misuse (Privilege Abuse) Hacking / Social</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top Patterns in Breaches</td>
<td>Web Applications Misc. Errors</td>
<td>Misc. Errors (Misdelivery) Privilege Misuse</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compromised Data</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td>Medical</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Click rate in phishing tests</td>
<td>(High) Education: 4.93% (Low) Retail: 1.32%</td>
<td>2.13%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Question

Which industry has the highest costs associated with data breaches?

A. Health
B. Financial
Today’s Threat Landscape
Data Breach Costs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>Global Average (All Industries)</th>
<th>Healthcare</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data Breach Costs</td>
<td></td>
<td>$3.92M (U.S. = $8.19M)</td>
<td>$6.45M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ave Cost / Record</td>
<td>$150</td>
<td>$429</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abnormal Customer Turnover</td>
<td>3.9%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mean Time to Identify (MTTI)</td>
<td>206</td>
<td>236 days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mean Time to Contain (MTTC)</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>93 days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

507 companies
3,211 interviews
Which is currently a more common cause of healthcare data breaches over 500 records?

A. Improper Disposal
B. Unauthorized Disclosure
Today’s Threat Landscape
Healthcare Data Breaches per Year

- 2018:
  - Hacking/IT Incidents (158 breaches)
  - Unauthorized Access/Disclosures (143 breaches)
  - Loss/Theft (55 breaches)
  - Improper Disposal (9 breaches)
- Data breaches reported at a rate of more than 1 / day
- Greatest number of records breached in 2015 (~113 M records)
- Fewest records breached in 2012 (~2.8 M records)
- 2018 - record breaking year for HIPAA fines and settlements
  - $28.6 M from covered entities and business associates
Which covered entity had the largest healthcare data breach since 2009?

A. Premera Blue Cross  
B. Anthem Inc.
Today’s Threat Landscape
Case Studies

- **Anthem**
  - 2015
  - 78.8M individuals
  - Hacking/IT Incident

- **ERS**
  - 2018
  - 1.2M individuals
  - Unauthorized Access/Disclosure

- **AvMed**
  - 2011
  - 4.9M individuals
  - Loss

- **AccuDoc Solutions**
  - 2018
  - 2.6M individuals
  - Hacking/IT Incident

- **UnityPoint Health**
  - 2018
  - 1.4M individuals
  - Hacking/IT Incident

- **SAIC**
  - 2018
  - 1.2M individuals
  - Unauthorized Access/Disclosure

- **IBDO**
  - 2010
  - 1.7M individuals
  - Theft
Today’s Threat Landscape
Office for Civil Rights (OCR) Breach Portal

As required by section 13402(e)(4) of the HITECH Act, the Secretary must post a list of breaches of unsecured protected health information affecting 500 or more individuals. The following breaches have been reported to the Secretary:

**Cases Currently Under Investigation**
This page lists all breaches reported within the last 24 months that are currently under investigation by the Office for Civil Rights.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Covered Entity</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Covered Entity Type</th>
<th>Individuals Affected</th>
<th>Breach Submission Date</th>
<th>Type of Breach</th>
<th>Location of Breached Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State of Alaska Department of Health and Social Services</td>
<td>AK</td>
<td>Health Plan</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>06/28/2018</td>
<td>Hacking/IT Incident</td>
<td>Desktop Computer, Email</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOLDEN HEART ADMINISTRATIVE PROFESSIONALS</td>
<td>AK</td>
<td>Business Associate</td>
<td>44000</td>
<td>07/03/2018</td>
<td>Hacking/IT Incident</td>
<td>Network Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BigDental</td>
<td>AK</td>
<td>Healthcare Provider</td>
<td>2008</td>
<td>12/26/2018</td>
<td>Hacking/IT Incident</td>
<td>Desktop Computer, Electronic Medical Record, Email, Network Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Park Family Care, Inc.</td>
<td>AK</td>
<td>Healthcare Provider</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>11/15/2019</td>
<td>Unauthorized Access/Disclosure</td>
<td>Electronic Medical Record</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KIM P. KORNEGAY, DMD</td>
<td>AL</td>
<td>Healthcare Provider</td>
<td>27000</td>
<td>04/10/2019</td>
<td>Theft</td>
<td>Desktop Computer, Electronic Medical Record, Paper/Film</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farmlife Corporation</td>
<td>AL</td>
<td>Business Associate</td>
<td>1345</td>
<td>02/27/2018</td>
<td>Hacking/IT Incident</td>
<td>Network Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sarat Dental</td>
<td>AL</td>
<td>Healthcare Provider</td>
<td>391472</td>
<td>09/12/2019</td>
<td>Hacking/IT Incident</td>
<td>Network Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brewer Porch Children’s Center / The University of Alabama</td>
<td>AL</td>
<td>Healthcare Provider</td>
<td>727</td>
<td>07/15/2019</td>
<td>Hacking/IT Incident</td>
<td>Network Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAH Holdings, Inc.</td>
<td>AL</td>
<td>Business Associate</td>
<td>1158</td>
<td>01/05/2020</td>
<td>Hacking/IT Incident</td>
<td>Email</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Alabama at Birmingham</td>
<td>AL</td>
<td>Healthcare Provider</td>
<td>19557</td>
<td>10/03/2019</td>
<td>Hacking/IT Incident</td>
<td>Email</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terribeha T. Wilkin, D.O.</td>
<td>AR</td>
<td>Healthcare Provider</td>
<td>15113</td>
<td>08/08/2019</td>
<td>Hacking/IT Incident</td>
<td>Electronic Medical Record, Network Server</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
IT Security Maturity Assessment
Cybersecurity Audit

Overview
An IT security maturity assessment is used to give a company a high level idea of their current IT state by assessing the risk and maturity levels of their IT environment. This is done by determining any gaps in program design, policies, standards, and procedures.

Framework
Our approach and methodology leverages the National Institute of Standards & Technology (NIST) Cybersecurity Framework to evaluate the cybersecurity maturity and level of risk, in comparison to other organizations of similar size and industry.
Why NIST?

The NIST Cybersecurity Framework provides a policy framework of computer security guidance for how private sector organizations in the United States can assess and improve their ability to prevent, detect, and respond to cyber attacks.
IT Security Maturity Assessment
NIST Recommended Cybersecurity Components
IT Security Maturity Assessment
Risk Scorecard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Goal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Security</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration Management Control</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contingency Planning</td>
<td>2.50</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Protection</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Governance</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identity Management &amp; Access Control</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incident Response</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT Asset Management</td>
<td>2.50</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Threat Intelligence</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Training and Awareness</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
IT Security Maturity Assessment
Greatest Risks and Common Findings

Cybersecurity Governance - The policies, standards, and processes to manage and monitor standards and procedures around cybersecurity haven’t been formally documented

Incident Response - Lack of procedures and policies in place to detect, respond, and contain the negative impact of an incident threatening the security of the organization’s business processes

Data Protection - Lack of data security protection consistent with the organization’s risk strategy to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of information

Threat Intelligence - Limited risk processes and security technologies in place to ensure that the information systems cannot be exploited using known vulnerabilities
Cybersecurity and Impacts on Healthcare
Digital Transformation

- Increase use of IoT devices in the healthcare industry
- Attack surface is growing
- Health information sharing methods (mobile)
- Health information storing methods (cloud-based)
Cybersecurity and Impacts on Healthcare
Changes in the way we access, transmit, and store health information

- Websites
- Mobile Access
- Text (SMS)
- Virtual Patient Visits
- Social Media
- Cloud Computing
Cybersecurity and Impacts on Healthcare Legislation

- Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA)
  - Applies to:
    - Covered Entities - transmit protected health information for transactions for which the Department of HHS has adopted standards
    - Business Associates - provide services to a HIPAA-covered entity which requires them to have access to, store, use, or transmit protected health information
  - Rules include:
    - Security Rule (Safeguards)
    - Privacy Rule
    - Breach Notification Rule
    - Omnibus Rule
    - Enforcement Rule

- The Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health (HITECH) Act - 2009
- The Medicare Access & CHIP Reauthorization Act of 2015 (MARCA)
Cybersecurity and Impacts on Healthcare

HIPAA Security Rule

- HIPAA Security Rule
  - Standards that must be applied to safeguard ePHI when it is at rest and in transit
  - Includes “required” and “addressable” safeguards on the HIPAA compliance checklist
  - Three parts:
    - Technology Safeguards
    - Physical Safeguards
    - Administrative Safeguards
Cybersecurity and Impacts on Healthcare

HIPAA Privacy Rule

- HIPAA Privacy Rule
  - Patients have rights to obtain, examine, and request corrections to their health information
  - Covered entities must respond to patient access requests within 30 days
  - Notices of Privacy Practices (NPPs) must be issued to let patients and plan members know of circumstances when their data will be used or shared
  - Employees must receive training on what information may/may not be shared
  - The integrity of ePHI and individual personal identifiers must be maintained
  - Obtain written permission from patients before using health information for marketing, fundraising or research
Cybersecurity and Impacts on Healthcare

HIPAA Breach Notification Rule

- HIPAA Breach Notification Rule
  - Must notify patients when there is a breach of their ePHI
  - Breach notifications must be made no later than 60 days following discovery
  - Must promptly notify the Department HHS and issue notice to the media if breach affects >500 patients
  - Must report breaches <500 patients via the OCR web portal
  - Defines what must be included in breach notifications
Cybersecurity and Impacts on Healthcare

HIPAA Omnibus Rule

- HIPAA Omnibus Rule
  - Amended definitions, clarified procedures and policies, and expanded the HIPAA compliance checklist to cover Business Associates and their subcontractors
Cybersecurity and Impacts on Healthcare

HIPAA Enforcement Rule

- HIPAA Enforcement Rule
  - Governs the ePHI data breach investigations
  - Governs the penalties for covered entities
  - Governs hearing procedures
[True or False] State attorneys general can issue HIPAA violation fines.

A. True
B. False
Cybersecurity and Impacts on Healthcare Legislation

- HIPAA fines issues by:
  - Dept of HHS’ Office for Civil Rights (OCR)
  - State Attorneys General

- Violations are usually discovered by:
  - Data breach investigations
  - Compliant investigations
  - Compliance audits
[True or False] Heart rate and blood pressure information collected from a device manufacturer and/or application that has not been contracted by a HIPAA-covered entity is still considered PHI.

A. True
B. False
Cybersecurity and Impacts on Healthcare
What is considered Protected Healthcare Information (PHI)

- Any identifiable health information that is used, maintained, stored, or transmitted by a HIPAA-covered entity
  - Names
  - Dates, except year
  - Telephone numbers
  - Geographic data
  - Fax numbers
  - SSN
  - Email addresses
  - Medical record numbers
  - Account numbers
  - Healthcare plan beneficiary numbers
  - Certificate/license numbers
  - Vehicle identifiers (including license plates)
  - Driver’s license numbers
  - Web URLs
  - Device identifiers/serial numbers
  - IP addresses
  - Full face photos
  - Biometric identifiers
  - Unique identifiers (numbers/codes)
Cybersecurity and Impacts on Healthcare
Most Common HIPAA Violations

- Failure to perform risk analysis to identify risks to CIA of PHI
- Failure to enter into a HIPAA-compliant business associate agreement
- Impermissible disclosures of PHI
- Not meeting the breach notification deadline
- Failure to safeguard PHI
- Snooping on health records
- Lack of risk management processes
- Failure to use encryption on portable devices
- Improper disposal of PHI
- Denying or exceeding timeframe to provide access to health records
Cybersecurity and Impacts on Healthcare
Common Violations by Healthcare Employees

- Emailing ePHI to personal email
- Unattended paperwork / portable devices
- Releasing PHI to unauthorized individual
- Releasing PHI without authorization
- Releasing PHI to third party after authorization expiration
- Failure to perform risk analysis to identify risks to CIA of PHI
- Impermissible disclosures of PHI
- Downloading PHI to unauthorized devices
- Unauthorized access to PHI
- Failure to enter into a HIPAA-compliant business associate agreement
Cybersecurity and Impacts on Healthcare
Best Practices

- Data encryption
- Phishing awareness
- Audit logs
- Proper network, software, and cloud-based solution configuration
Resources

- https://enterprise.verizon.com/resources/reports/dbir/
- https://www.hipaajournal.com/
- https://www.hhs.gov/hipaa/index.html
- https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/breach/breach_report.jsf
- https://www.bdo.com/digital/whitepapers
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